PATENT SPECIFICATION



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COMPLETE SPECIFICATION.

Improvements in or relating to Apparatus for Taking Photographs.

I, VICTOR CHARLES ERNST, Salesman, of 1253, Donald Avenue, Lakewood, State of Ohio, United States of America, a citizen of the United States of America, do hereby declare the nature of this invention and in what manner the same is to be performed, to be particularly described and ascertained in and by the following statement:

My invention relates to a photographic appliance and more particularly to the combination with a camera or cameras of a controlled source of light together with mechanism whereby the presence or 15 absence of definitely directed illumination is controlled in predetermined timed relation with respect to the actuation of the operating mechanism of one or more of

the cameras. The object of my invention is to provide an appliance, preferably as a compact unitary structure, to be used for recording photographically, correlated information for subsequent reference as a positive 25 and certain identification of a person with whom the possessor of the appliance may be having or intending to have business relations. For instance, it is manifestly of great importance for banks 30 to have some improved readily obtainable record enabling their personnel reliably to identify a business patron. An appliance embodying my invention will, upon actuation of mechanism subject to 35 simple manual control, direct natural or artificial light rays toward one or more objects, and during the illumination cause one or more photographs to be taken. As exemplified by the drawings, light will 40 be flashed toward a person placed in the field of view of an objective and simultaneously reflected toward a card likewise in the field of view of an objective and upon which has been written data 45 pertaining to the person being photo-graphed. Variations are comprehended

enabling a differing relation in the time periods of the exposures of the desired images, and in respect to structural modifications.

It has been proposed to combine a camera provided with two objectives adapted to be simultaneously opened and obstructed respectively with a time clock, to produce simultaneously on one sensi- 55 tized film or the like a picture of a person and a record of the time at which this person manipulates the apparatus. The time clock is arranged inside the camera and is inaccessible from the outside.

It has further been proposed to combine with a photographic apparatus a number-device consisting of the number wheels of a time stamp or the like and having the numbers arranged so that they 65 are photographed synchronously with the object by a second lens. With this prior device therefore a special numbering mechanism and a special combination of this mechanism with the photographic 70 apparatus was necessary.

According to the present invention, however, I provide a photographic camera having two objectives, adapted simultaneously to take pictures on the same 75 sensitized plate or the like of a person or object and a card or the like, containing a description or the like of said person or object, including a card holder accessibly arranged outside of the camera. 80

The invention further provides a camera as described in the preceding paragraph having a source of light connected therewith wherein the source of light simultaneously illuminates the object or person 85 and the card holder.

The invention further comprises various features incidental to and co-operating with a photographic camera of the type set out in the two preceding paragraphs. 90

Referring to the accompanying draw-

Fig. 1 is mainly a vertical longitudinal

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section showing a photographic appliance embodying my invention.

Figure 2 is a vertical cross section on line II—II of Figure 1.

Figure 3 is an enlarged plan section on line III—III of Figure 2.

Figure 4 is an enlarged section on line IV—IV of Figure 2.

Figure 5 is a top plan view of my appli-10 ance showing its upper portion also in an alternative position indicated by dotted

Figure 6 is a plan section on line

VI—VI of Figure 1.

Figure 7 is a plan section on line
VII—VII of Figure 1.

Figure 8 is a perspective view showing the method of using my photographic appliance, the upper part being shown 20 to occupy the position indicated by the dotted lines in Figure 5.

Figure 9 is a plan view of one of the double photographs obtained by the use

of my invention.

Figure 10 is an enlarged and broken

plan view of an edge of one detail.

Figure 11 is mainly a vertical longitudinal section of a modified form of my invention, wherein a roll film with 30 automatic feed mechanism is substituted for the film pack.

Figure 12 is a plan section on line

XII—XII of Figure 11.

Figure 13 is a fragmentary plan section 35 on line XIII—XIII of Figure 11.

Figure 14 is mainly a vertical longitudinal section of a simplified modifica-

A base 1 is provided with a central 40 bore 2 enlarged or countersunk at 3 and around its upper end bordered by a square recess 4 in which is seated a hollow pedestal 5 provided on one side with an opening 6 and on its opposite side with a smaller opening 7. The pedestal 5 is divided and reinforced by a partition 8 having a central opening 9, and the pedestal 5 is further supplied with a top 10 likewise fashioned with a central 50 opening 11 and also with a segmental slot 12 indicated by dotted lines in Figure 7 and the purpose of which will hereinafter appear. A bolt 13 has its head 14 occupying the countersunk 3 and is passed upwardly through the openings 9 and 11 and through an opening 15 in the bottom of a camera 16. A nut and lock nut combination 17 cooperating with the upper screw threaded end of the 60 bolt 13 within the camera 16 serves to effect a swivel connection between the pedestal 5 and the camera compartment 16 enabling the latter to be turned about the bolt 13 as an axis and as indicated

65 by the dotted lines in Figure 5.

The back of the camera compartment 16 is fashioned on opposite vertical sides with channels 18 for the insertion, in a manner common to the art, of a film pack 19. The top of the camera compartment 16 is provided with an opening 20 shown in Figure 1. The upper front of the camera compartment carries a cylindrical structure 21 provided ex-teriorly of the compartment with a lens 22 which is so designated in Figure 8 and interiorly of the compartment is provided with a shutter 23, shown in Figure 2 and controlled by a lever 24. The lower front of the camera compartment similarly has fitted in it a hollow structure 25 including a lens (not shown) and in front of the lens a prism 26 adapted to receive light rays entering from below through a filter 27 and to reflect them through the lens. The parts just described may be seen in Figure 1. Interiorly of the camera compartment the structure 25 has operatively mounted in it a shutter 28 controlled by a lever 29 as may be seen in the Figure 2.

The camera compartment is divided by a horizontal partition 30 to prevent halations due to light rays through one lens reaching the sensitized surface to which the other lens properly transmits

an image.

Directing attention to Figures 2 and 3, electric wires 31 and 32 bound in an insulating cable 33 enter the pedestal 5 100 through a detachable plug 34 which is fitted in the opening 7. A tubular casing 35 is fitted in the opening 6 and carries exteriorly of the pedestal 5 a flange 36 through which screws are passed 105 to secure it to the pedestal. The casing 35 has its outer end fashioned with a bore 37 and on its inner end encloses a collar 38 detachably held in place by machine screws 39. A metal plunger 40 110 is movable through the collar 38 and carries interiorly of the casing 35 a flange 41 adapted to abut a shoulder surrounding the bore 37 and normally held thereagainst by a spring 42. A 115 manually reciprocable and insulated push button 43 is detachably connected with the screw threaded outer end 44 of the plunger 40 so as to be movable in the bore 37 inwardly against the action of 120 the spring 42 and so as to move the plunger 40 along with it. The casing 35 is closed by a screw cap 45 covering the button 43. The cap 45 is fashioned on one side with a cavity 46 into which a 125 plunger 47 of a cylinder lock 48 is adapted to project to prevent unscrewing of the cap 45. The movement of the plunger 47 to its unlocking position is controlled by a key 49.

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The inner end of the plunger 40 carries an insulating fork 50, and on opposite sides of the inner end of the plunger 40 the casing 35 carries a pair of yieldingly 5 mounted contacts 51 and 52 which the plunger 40 is adapted to engage and spread apart when the button 43 is pressed in. The wire 32 is connected with the terminal 52, whereas the wire 31 together 10 with another wire 53 which is connected with the terminal 51 are conducted through a cable 54 loading up through the segmental opening 12 through an appropriate opening 55 in the bottom 15 of the camera compartment 16, through the opening 20 in the top of the camera compartment and through a socket 56 carried by the camera to an electric lamp 57 disposed in a reflector 58.

- 20 The fork 50 straddles one end of a bell crank lever 59 pivoted to the bolt 13 at 60. The other end of the lever 59 articulates with a link 61 passing up through the partition 8 and having an 25 adjustable turn-buckle connection at 62 with a rod 63 which passes upwardly through the segmental opening 12 and through an opening 64 in the bottom of the camera to have a ball and socket 30 connection at 65 with the end of the lever 29. An elbow 66 also has a ball and socket connection at 67 with the lever 29. The ball and socket connections just specified constitute universal joints and are clearly shown in Figure 4. The upper end of the elbow 66 is adjustably connected by means of a turn-buckle 68 with a rod 69 which also has a ball and socket articulation at 70 with the 40 shutter operating lever 24.

The upper end of the reflector 58 supports a bracket 71 with a bent extremity 72 on the lower side of which is carried a mirror 73 adapted to reflect 45 light received from the lamp 57 downwardly toward a shelf 74 extending out from a bracket 75 which depends from the lower front edge of the camera. An identification card 76 supplied for in-50 stance with a serial number, a date, the name and address of a person and with his signature is to be laid upon the shelf 74 and held in place by a transparent glass cover 77 hinged at 78. As is illus-55 trated in Figure 10 one edge of the glass cover 77 is fashioned with a linear scale 79 which may be etched on its lower surface. In Figure 8 is shown the subject 80 whose picture is to be taken and an 60 operator 81 engaged in obtaining photographs at substantially the same time of the man and of his identification card, the photograph 82 of the man and the photograph 83 of the identification card 65 being recorded on a single sensitized

element to enable a unitary photograph as shown in Figure 9.

The operation of my appliance is as

follows:-

A man 80 doing business, for instance, 70 with a bank will take a seat opposite an employee 81 who, after first supplying a card 76 with the desired typewritten data and procuring thereon the signature of the person, will insert such card face up between the shelf 74 and the glass cover 77 and will then turn the camera 16 upon the pedestal 5 so that the rays from the lamp 57 may be reflected toward the man 80 and so that the latter will be in the field of view of the lens 22. The card 76 is properly focused in the field of view of the lens in the structure 25 as reflected by the prism 26. The filter 27 will be chosen so as to effect the desired color separation. Some of the light rays from the lamp 57 will be caught and reflected by the mirror 73 onto the card 76. It will be supposed that the plunger 47 will have been withdrawn by the turning of the key 49 to have permitted the unscrewing of the cap 45. The operator 81 has then merely to press the button 43 to actuate mechanism whereby the photographs 82 and 83 are obtained in timed relation. The time of exposure as controlled by the shutters 23 and 28 will usually not be the same, but that is a simple matter of adjustment according to common 100 practice depending upon the speeds at which the shutter mechanism shall have been elected to be set. During the turning movement of the camera 16 relative to the pedestal 5 the arc of 105 movement of the cable 54 and of the rod 63 will be along the segmental slot 12.

When the button 43 is pushed in, the plunger 40 will rub the contacts 51 and 52 to close the electric circuit and energize 110 the lamp 57. Simultaneously, the inward movement imparted to the fork 50 will rock the lever 59 to thrust up the rods 63 and 69 and hence operate in unison the shutter control levers 24 and 115 29 thereby exposing in predetermined timed relation the two sections of the film which is positioned at the focal plane of the camera. As soon as pressure is released from the button 43 the light 120 will be extinguished owing to the spring 42 having withdrawn the plunger 40 and

broken the circuit.

The scale 79 etched or otherwise fashioned on the glass cover 77 will 125 enable ready calculation of the size of the image which is to be photographically recorded. The scale 79 is placed on the lower side of the glass cover so that it will be in the same proper focus as the 130

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card 76. Hence, when photographed the scale will register the size of the image or one dimension of the card. In case of any test in a court the size of the 5 original card will be proven by its measurement and comparison with the photographed scale bordering its reproduction. The modification shown on Sheet 5

discloses the substitution for the film 10 pack 19 of a compartment 84 provided with two sets of bearings 85 in which are mounted the spindles 86 of a pair of film spools on one of which a roll of film is to be unwound and on the other

15 wound and such winding and unwinding will be an intermittent action automatically performed in time periods determined by the frequency with which photographs will be made. The casing

20 84 is further provided at one end with space for the insertion of a spring motor 87 to be wound by the insertion of a key 88 in a square opening 89. Inasmuch as nothing is claimed for the mechanism

25 for controlling the motor 87, it being old in many arts, the description thereof has been cursory.

The automatically operating intermittent actuation involves an escapement 30 including a disc 90 notched at 91 together with a pivoted lever 92 provided with a detent 93 normally thrust upwardly by

a spring 94.

An actuation rod 95 connected with the 35 bell crank lever 59 articulates at its upper end with an interjac nt portion of a lever 96 having its one end pivoted at 97 and its other end 98 articulating in turn with a push rod 99 which is guided 40 for up and down movement in guides 100 and 101. The rod 99 fixedly carries a collar 102 and is surrounded between the guide 100 and the collar 102 by a spring 103 normally active to force the collar 45 102 and hence the rod 99 downwardly.

The upper end of the rod 99 has pivoted to it at 104 a trigger 105 one end 106 of which depends and is adapted during the upward movement of the rod 99 idly 50 to rub past the free end of the lever 92. During the spring actuated return of the rod 99 downwardly the one end of the trigger 105 will bear against a stop 107

thereby compelling the other end to 55 force down the lever 92 and in so doing cause the detent 93 to be withdrawn from the notch 91 whereupon the spring motor 87 will cause the upper spindle 86 to make one complete turn and shift another

60 film into place in the focal plane of the

camera before the detent 93 is again permitted to slip into the notch 91 and stop turning movement of the film.

The simplified modification illustrated on Sheet 6 corresponds to the disclosure of Figure 1 with the omission of the second or lower objective, of the mirror and of the shelf. For some business purposes a photograph of a patron or customer will suffice.

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Having now particularly described and ascertained the nature of my said invention and in what manner the same is to be performed, I declare that what I

claim is :-

1. Photographic camera having two objectives, adapted simultaneously to take pictures on the same sensitized plate or the like of a person or object and a card or the like, containing a description or the like of said person or object, including a card holder accessibly arranged outside of the camera.

2. Camera as set forth in Claim 1, having a source of light connected therewith, wherein the source of light simultaneously illuminates the object or person

and the card holder.

3. Camera as set forth in Claims 1 and 2, having shutters for the objectives said shutters and the source of light being actuated by one means operable by hand wherein the connections between the shutters and the actuating means are adjustable, so that the time relation between actuating the source of light and the shutters may be predetermined.

4. Camera as set forth in Claims 1 and 3, including as connections between the shutters and the actuating means a 100

plurality of rods.

5. Camera as set forth in Claims 1 and 4, including turn buckles connecting certain of the rods connecting the actuat-

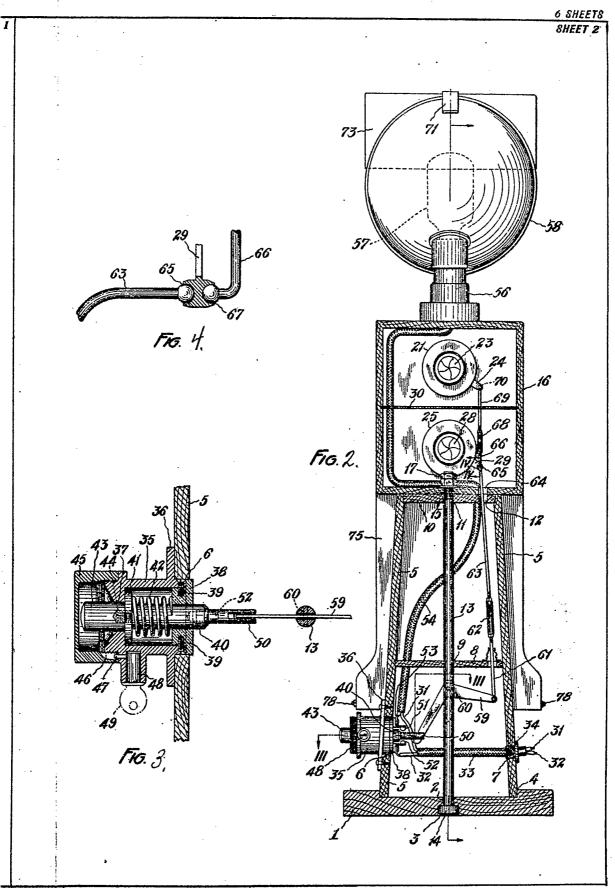
ing means with the shutters. 6. Camera as set forth in Claims 1

and 4, having a base, said camera being rotatably supported on said base, wherein one of the rods connecting the shutters with the actuating means extends through 110 a curved slot provided in the top of said base to permit of rotation of the camera containing the shutters with respect to the base carrying the actuating means.

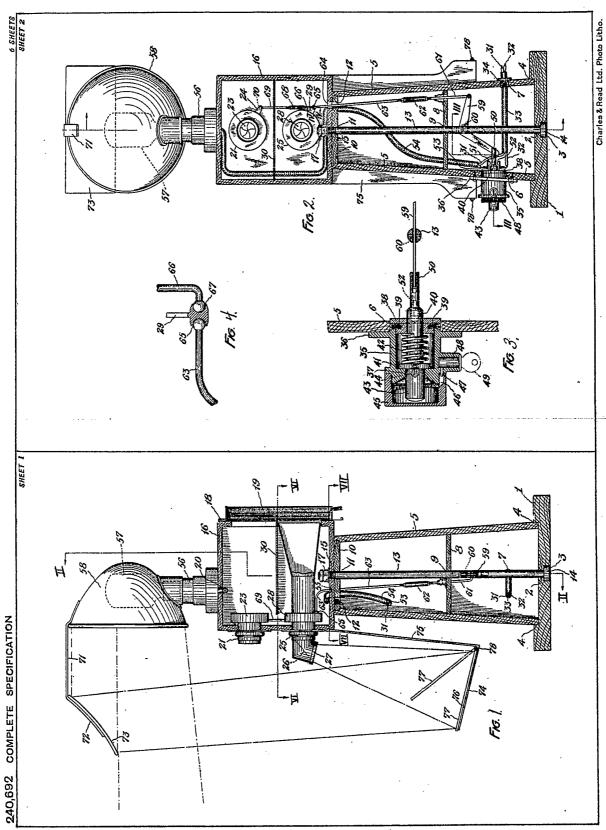
Dated this 13th day of January, 1925. 115 For the Applicant,

FRANK B. DEHN, Chartered Patent Agent, Kingsway House, 103, Kingsway, London, W.C. 2.

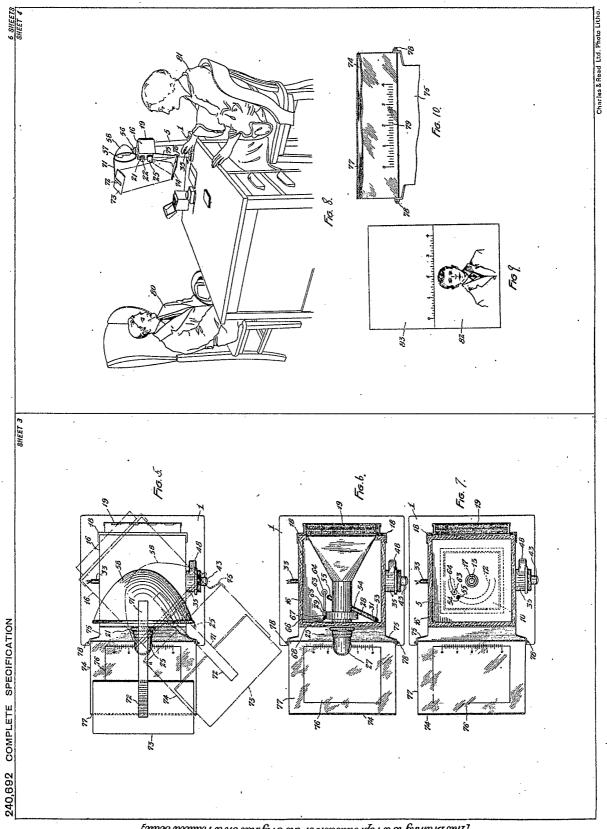
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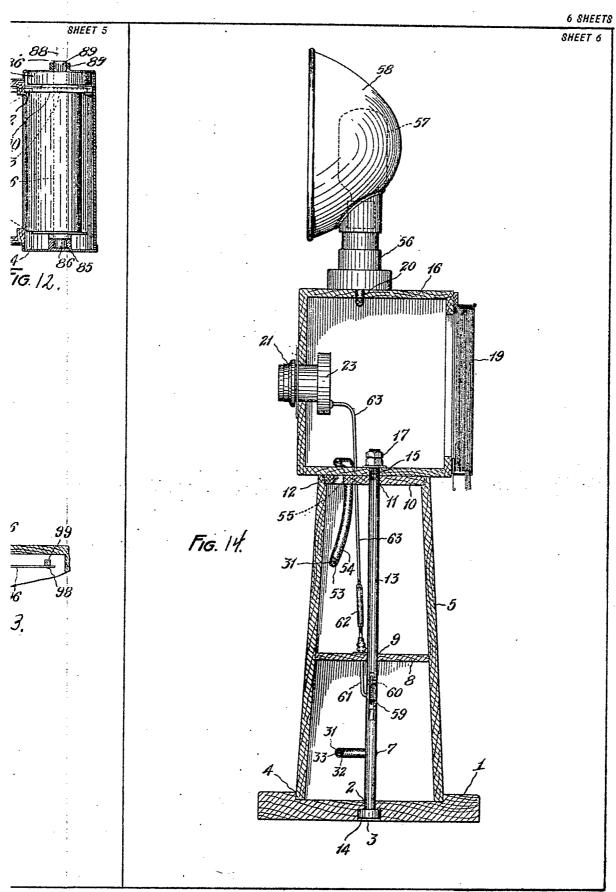
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