PATENT SPECIFICATION

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COMPLETE SPECIFICATION.

Improvements in or relating to Objective Mounts for Photographic Cameras.

We, Ernst Leitz G.M.B.H., a Company organised under the Laws of Germany, of Optical Works, Wetzlar, Germany, do hereby declare the nature of 5 this invention and in what manner the same is to be performed, to be particularly, described and ascertained in and

by the following statement:—

This invention relates to a photographic camera having a telemeter of the kind in which the focussing movement of the camera objective is transmitted to the movable member of the telemeter by means of lever or other suitable mechan-15 ism operated by a cam ring connected to the objective mount. With such an arrangement the substitution of another objective of different focal length necessitates modification of the intermediate mechanism through which the objective movement is transmitted to the camera, and it has been proposed to provide each objective mount with a cam ring of a shape appropriate to the focal length of 25 the objective in the mount, so that the whole mount with its cam ring can be

removed from the camera and replaced by another when desired.

The present invention has for

30 object so to arrange the objective mount and the cam ring as to facilitate manufacture by mass production methods, and to this end the cam ring is constructed as a separate element so that any one of a set of cam rings of different shape can be selected for attachment to the objective mount in accordance with the focal length of the objective in the mount. The cam ring is preferably provided with a 40 flange which can be clamped against a shoulder on the mount by means of an annular member in screwthreaded

gagement with the mount. In a conven-ient arrangement the mount is formed in 45 two concentric parts between which the cam ring is located, the attachment of the cam ring to one of the parts serving to secure the two parts firmly together. The objective mount is preferably in 50 screwthreaded engagement with a separate outer member which can be fixed to the camera, so that the focussing movement takes place between the mount and

such outer member.

A preferred construction according to 55 the invention is illustrated by way example in the accompanying drawing.

In this construction the objective mount containing the lenses A of the objective is formed in two parts B C, one within the other. The inner part B abuts against an internal shoulder C¹ on the outer part C and has an externally screwthreaded extension B¹ below the shoulder C¹. The outer part C also has an extension C2 below the shoulder C¹, this extension being provided externally with a quick pitch screwthread C³, on which engages a flanged outer member D adapted to be fixed to the camera.

Within the extension C2 of the outer part C is inserted a cam ring E having a curved lower edge E1. The cam ring E is secured to the objective mount by means of an internally threaded member F which is screwed on to the extension B1 of the inner part of the mount so as to force a flange E² on the cam ring against the shoulder C1 of the outer part and at the same time to force this shoulder against the inner part B. Thus the member F serves not only to attach the cam ring E to the mount but also to clamp the two parts of the mount together, so that the cam ring and the two parts of the mount form a rigid unit movable on the quick pitch screwthread C³ by means of a handle G for focussing purposes within the outer member D.

The cam surface E¹ of the cam ring E acts through a suitable lever The mechanism (not shown) on the movable member of the telemeter with which the camera is provided, so that the focussing movement of the objective by operation of the handle G is transmitted to the telemeter and simultaneously effects adjustment thereof. The slope of the cam surface E1 is chosen to suit the focal length of the objective A, and a different cam 100 ring E is provided for each objective, thus ensuring that the telemeter adjustment will take place on a scale suited to the focal length of the objective. Having now particularly described and 105

ascertained the nature of our said inven-

tion and in what manner the same is to be performed, we declare that what we claim is:-

1. An objective mount for photographic 5 cameras of the kind described, in which the cam ring, through which the focussing movement of the objective is transmitted to the telemeter, is constructed as a separate element, so that any one of a set of 10 cam rings of different shape can be selected for attachment to the objective

mount in accordance with the focal length

of the objective in the mount.
2. An objective mount as claimed in 15 Claim 1, in which the cam ring is provided with a flange which can be clamped against a shoulder on the mount by means of an annular member in screwthreaded engagement with the mount. 3. An objective mount as claimed in

Claim 1 or Claim 2, in which the mount is formed in two concentric parts between which the cam ring is located, the attachment of the cam ring to one of the parts serving also to secure the two parts firmly

together. 4. An objective mount as claimed in Claim 1 or Claim 2 or Claim 3, in which the mount is in screwthreaded engagement with a separate outer member which can be fixed to the camera, so that the focussing movement takes place between

the mount and such outer member.

5. The objective mount for photographic cameras substantially as described and as illustrated in the accompanying drawing.

Dated this 5th day of July, 1932. KILBURN & STRODE, Agents for the Applicants.

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